

# Priority Downward Closures

Theorie tag '23

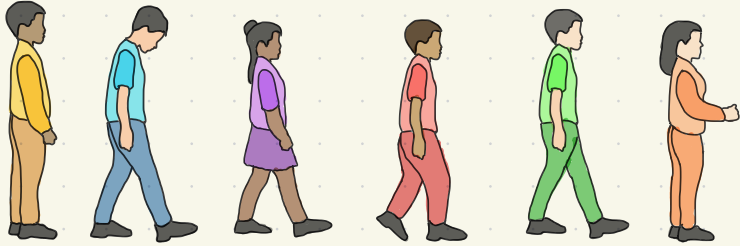
Ashwani Anand

Georg Zetsche









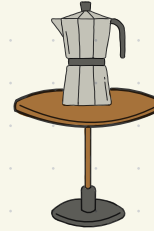
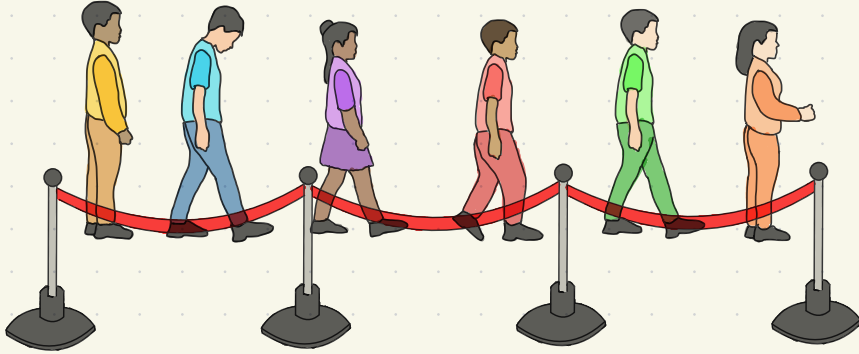




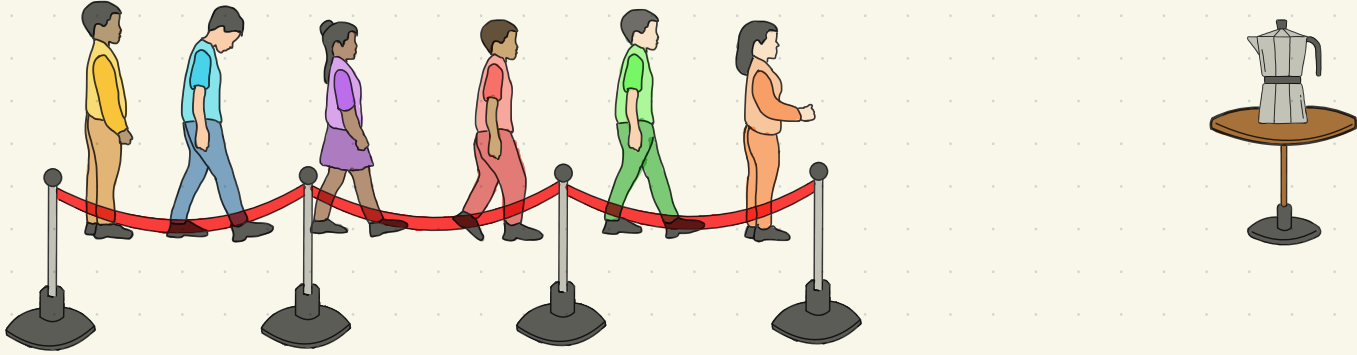




Will the coffee machine go to a bad state?

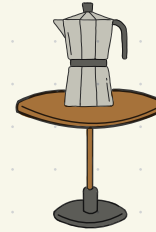
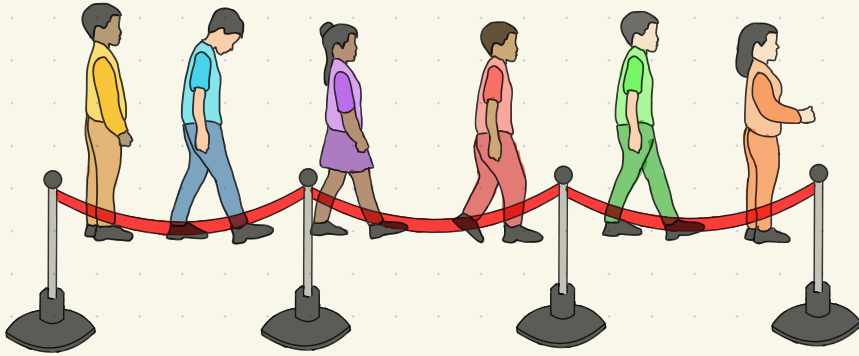


[Haines] The system can be overapproximated by a simpler system.



[Haines] The system can be overapproximated by a simpler system.

If a bad state is not reachable in new system  
it can not be reached in original system.

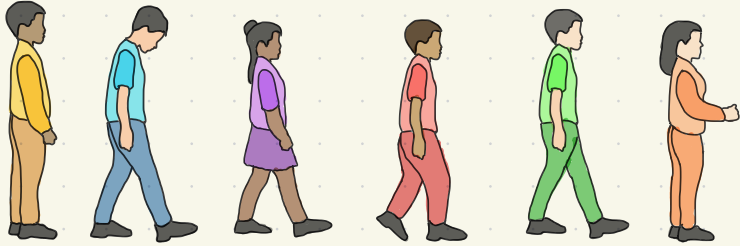


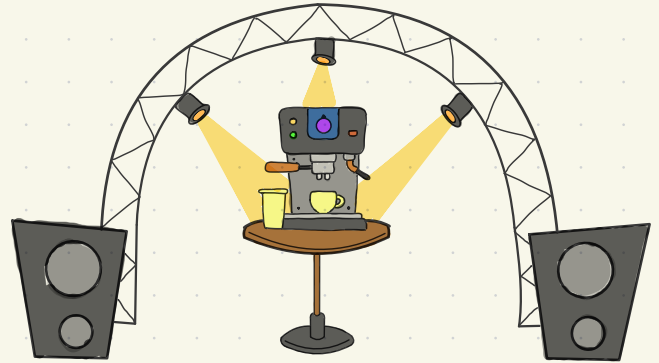
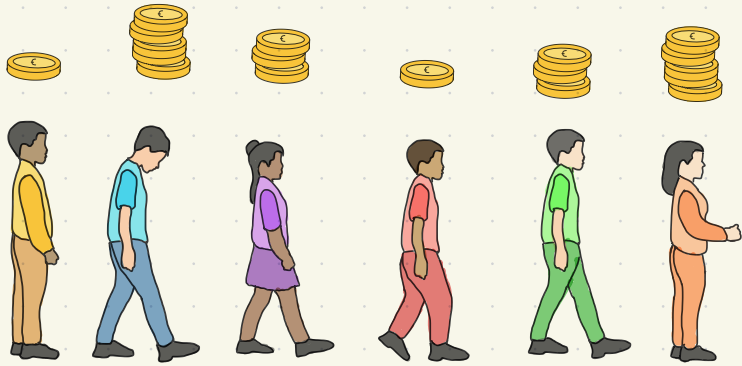
Might not  
be able to  
find it.

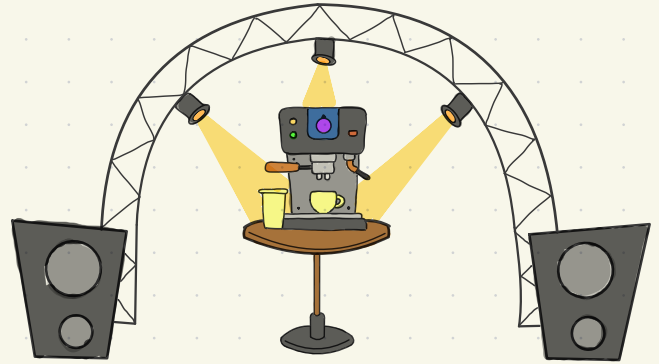
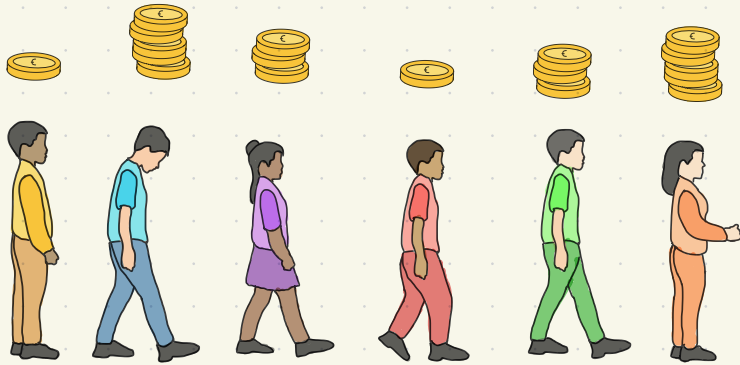
[Haines] The system can be overapproximated by a simpler system.

If a bad state is not reachable in new system  
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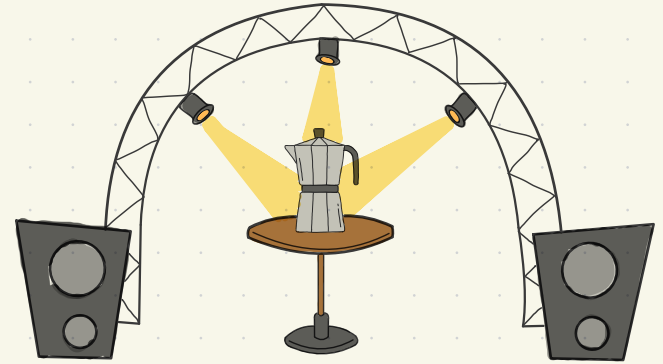




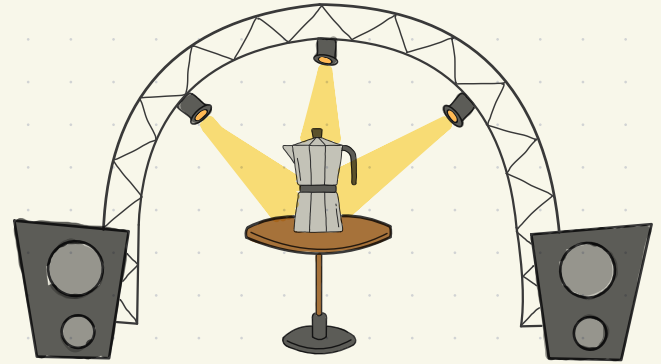




Can this system be overapproximated?



Can this system be overapproximated?  
[This talk] Yes! For pushdown machines.



Can this system be overapproximated?  
[This talk] Yes! For pushdown machines.

# Precap

## Block Order



## Simple Machines



## Pushdown Machines



# Precap

## Block Order



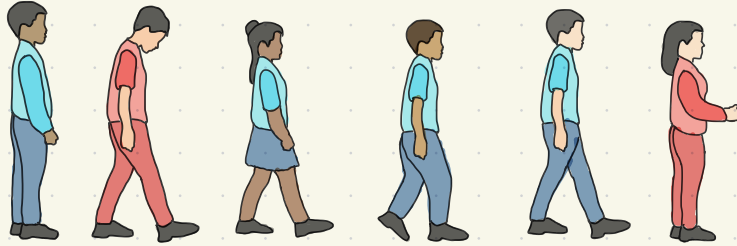
## Simple Machines



## Pushdown Machines



# Subword Order





# Subword Order

b

r

b

b

b

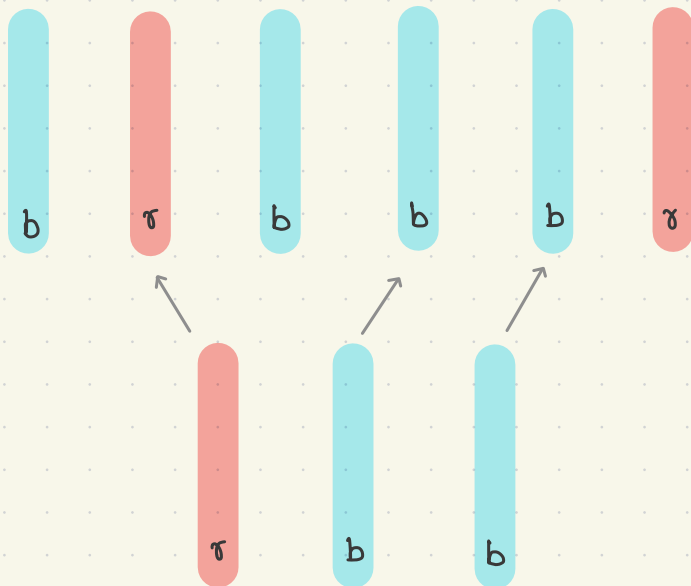
r

# Subword Order

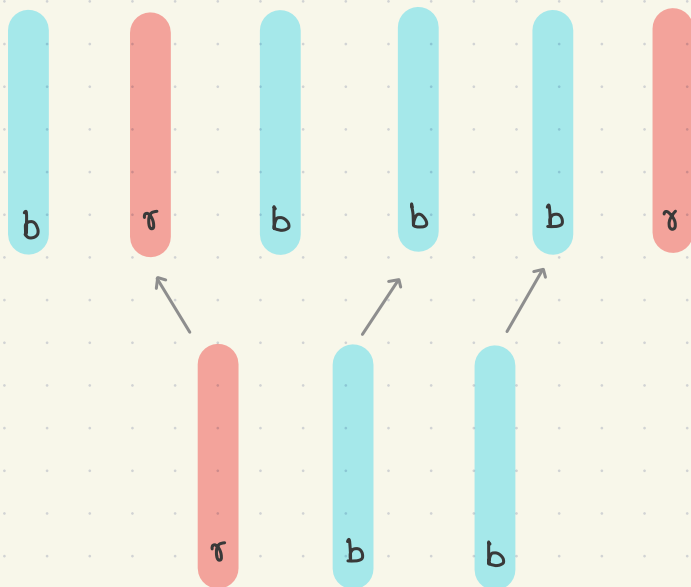
b r b b b r

r b b

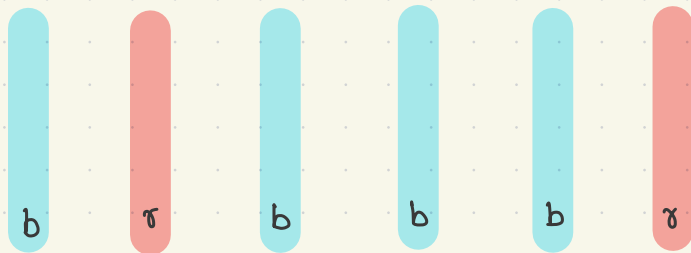
# Subword Order



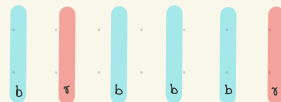
# Subword Order



# Subword Order



$\preceq_s$

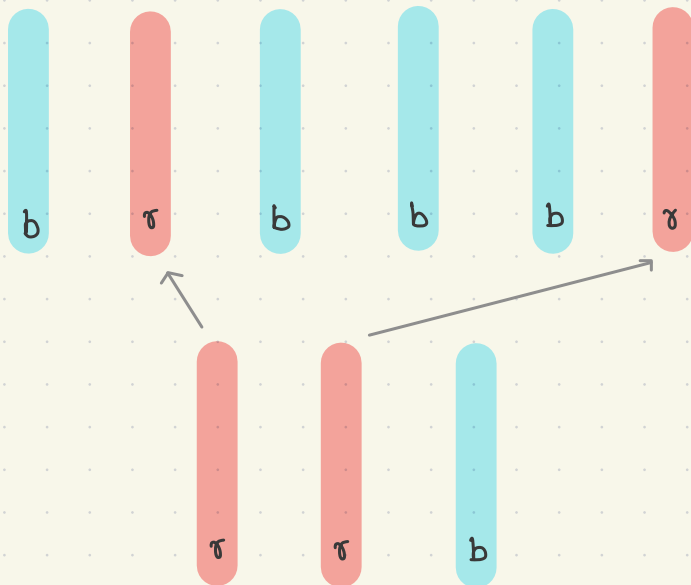


# Subword Order

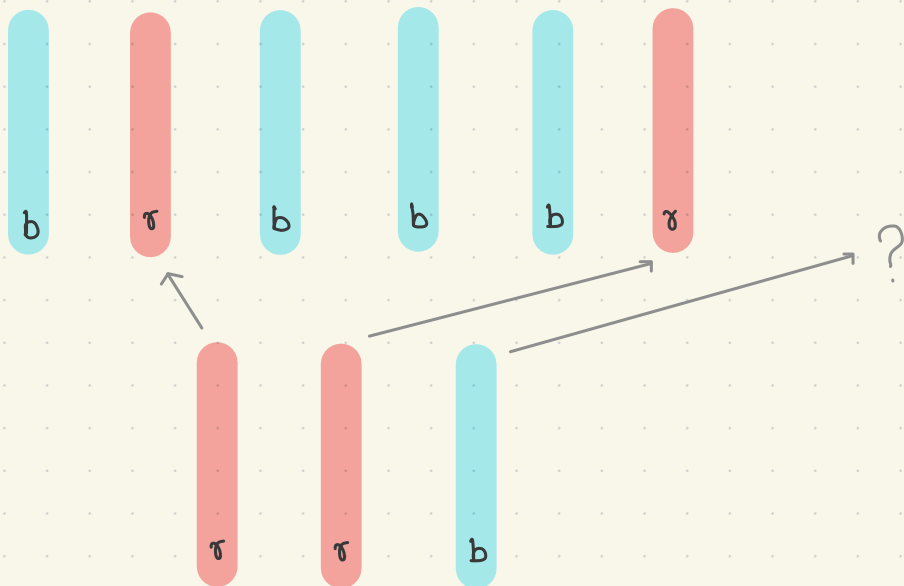
b r b b b r

r r b

# Subword Order

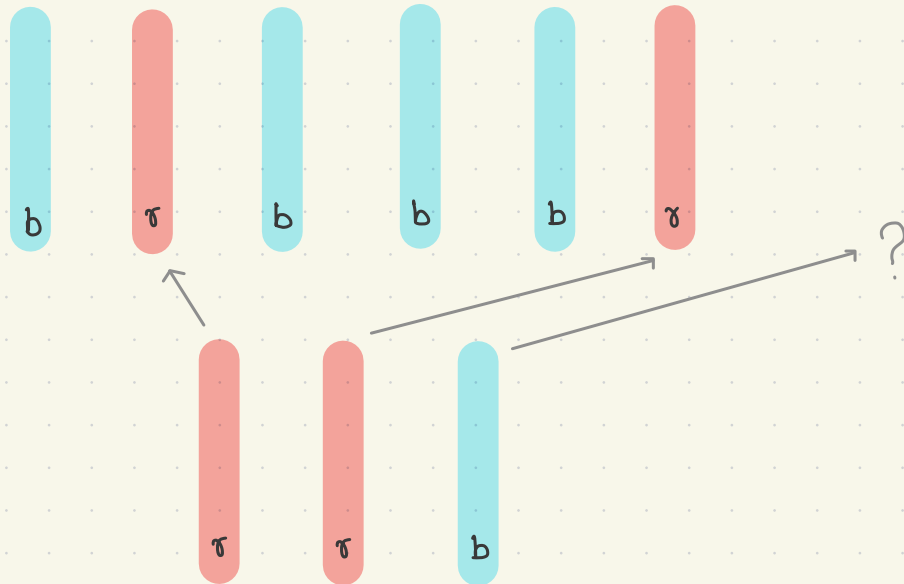


# Subword Order

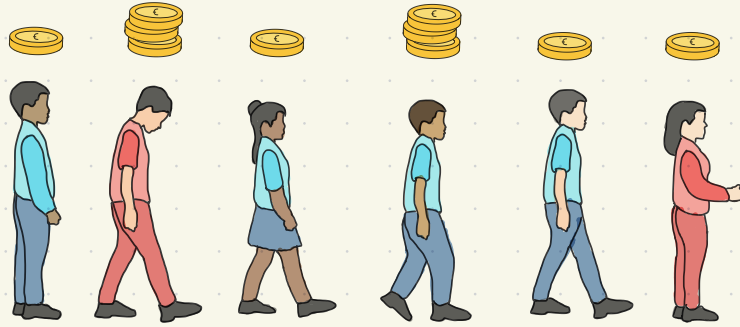




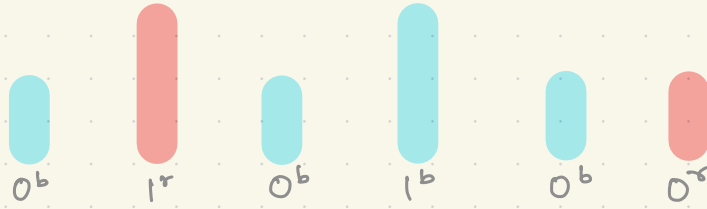
# Subword Order



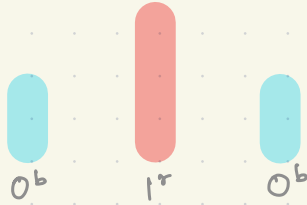
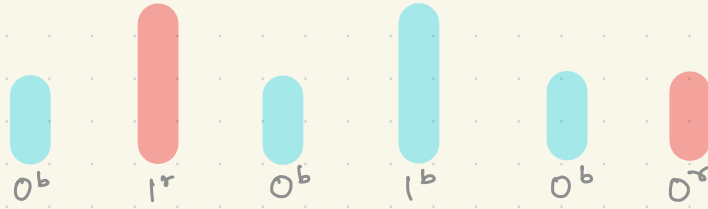
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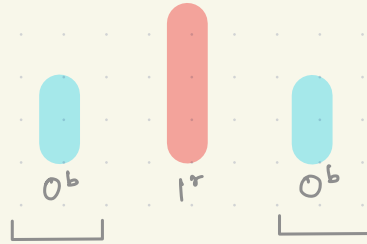
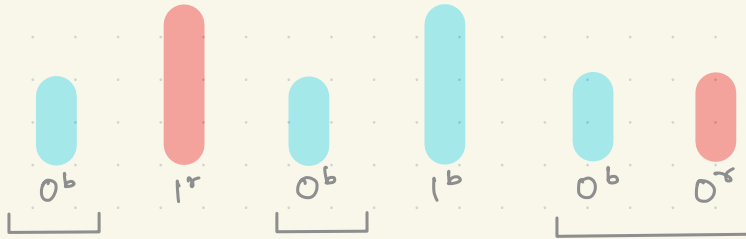
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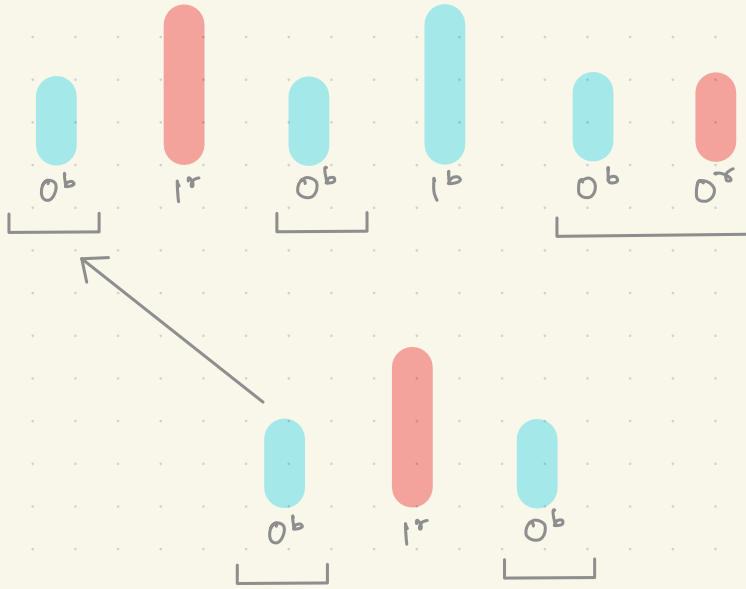
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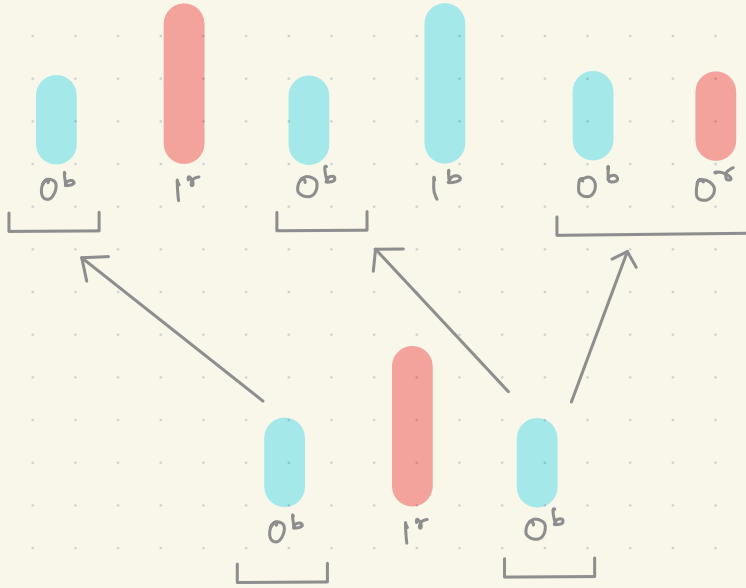
# Block Order



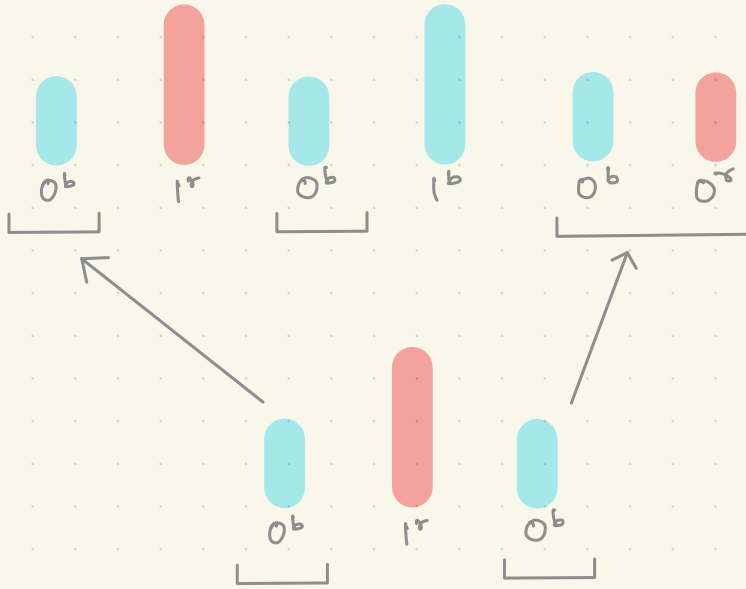
# Block Order



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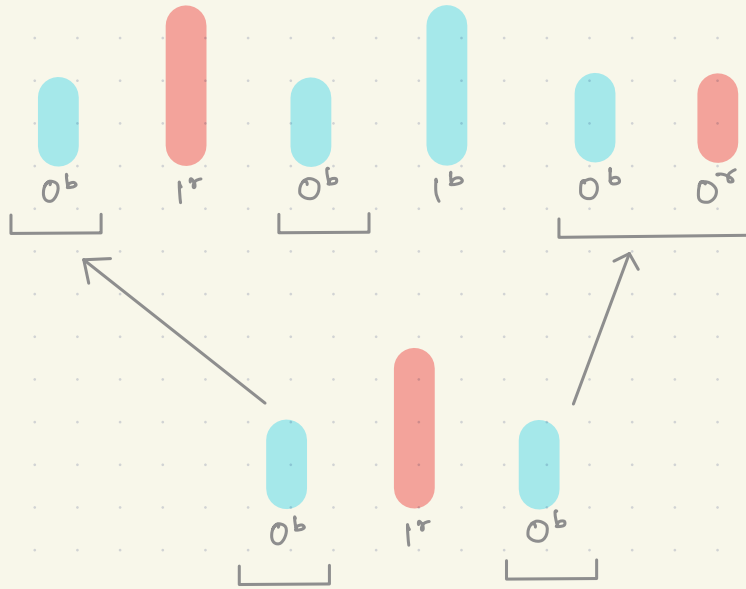


# Block Order

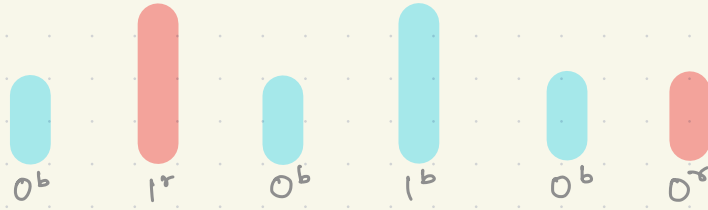




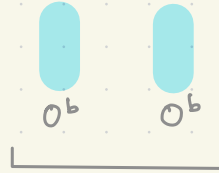
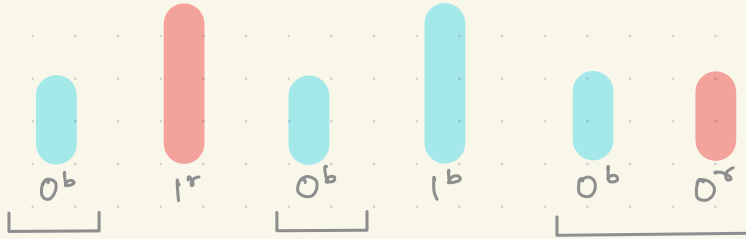
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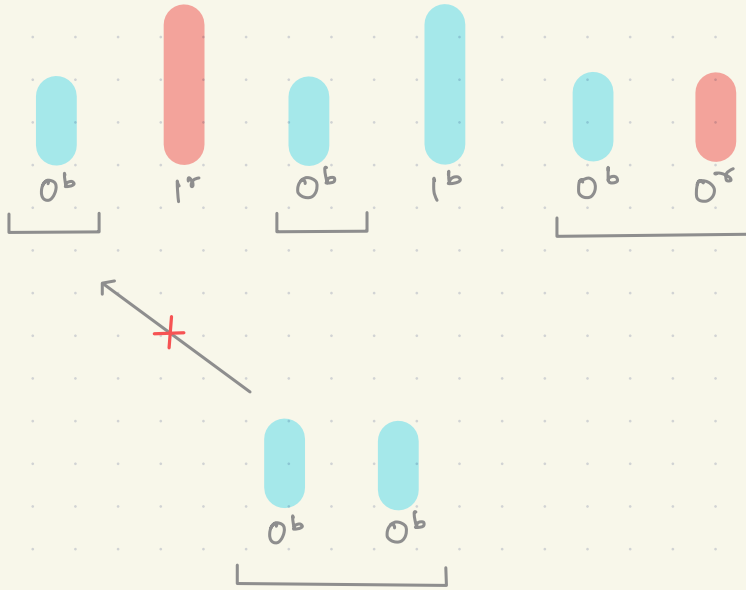
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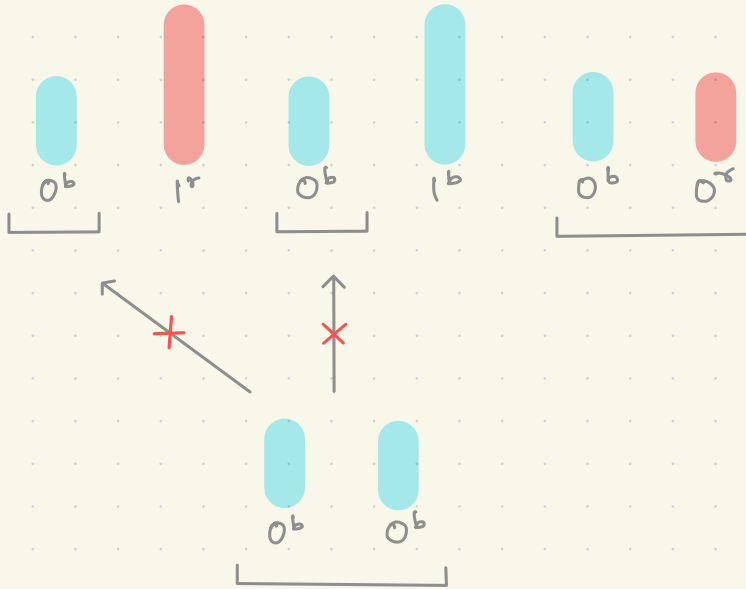
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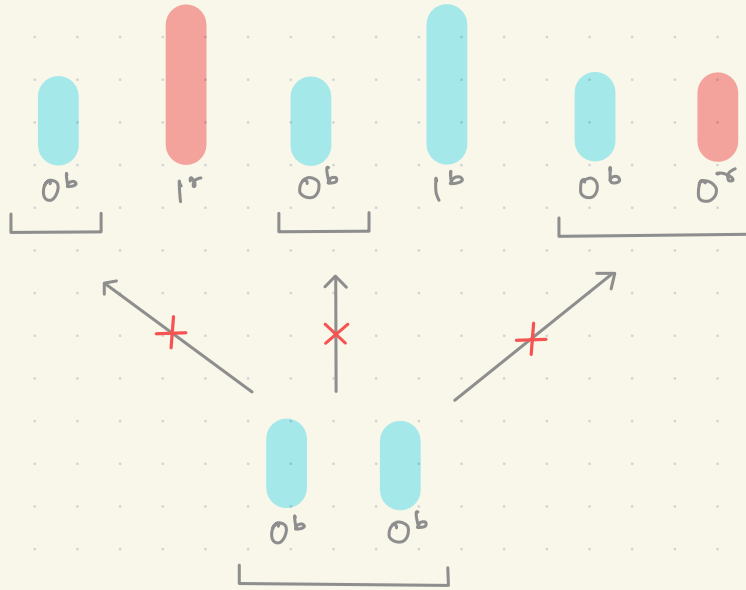
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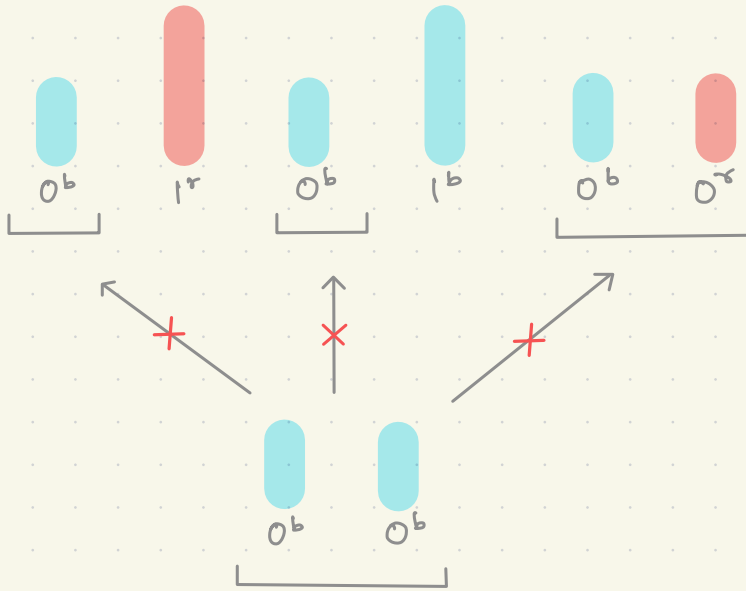
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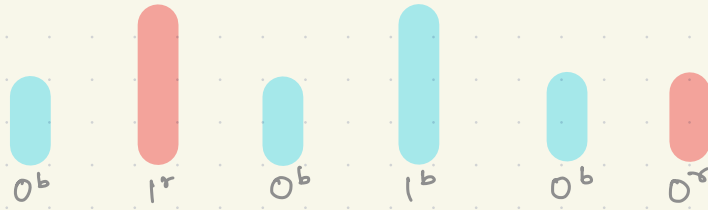
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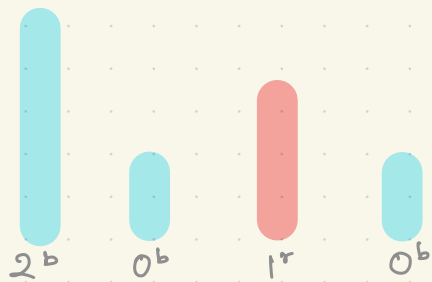
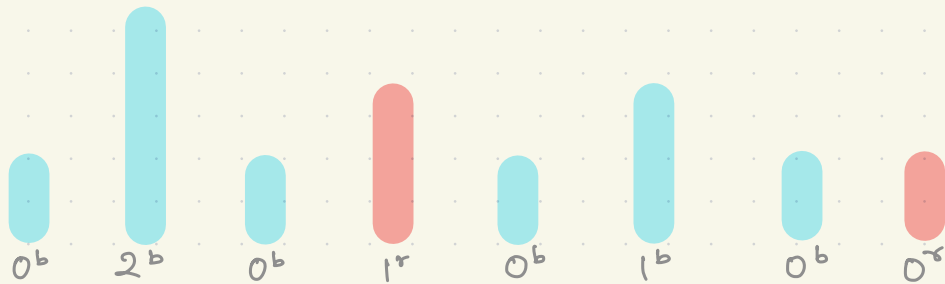


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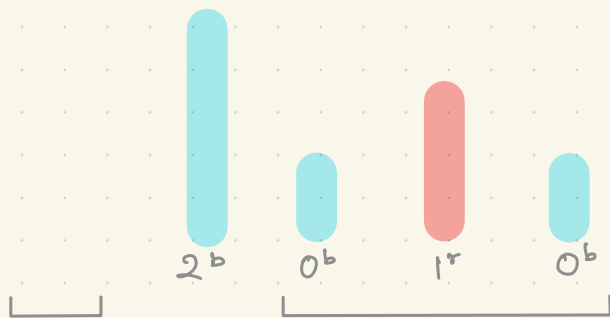
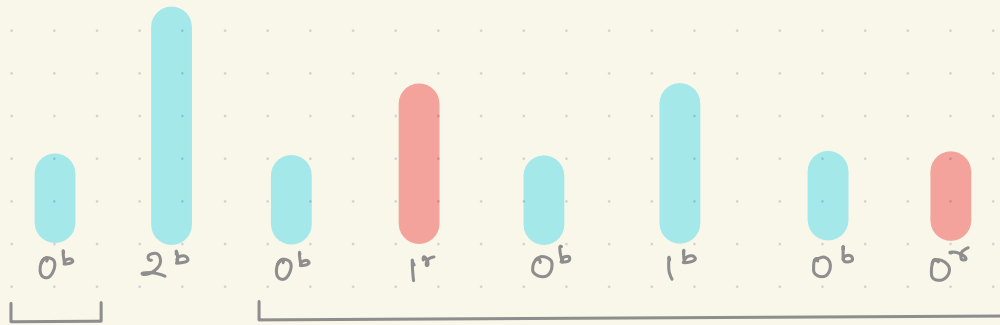




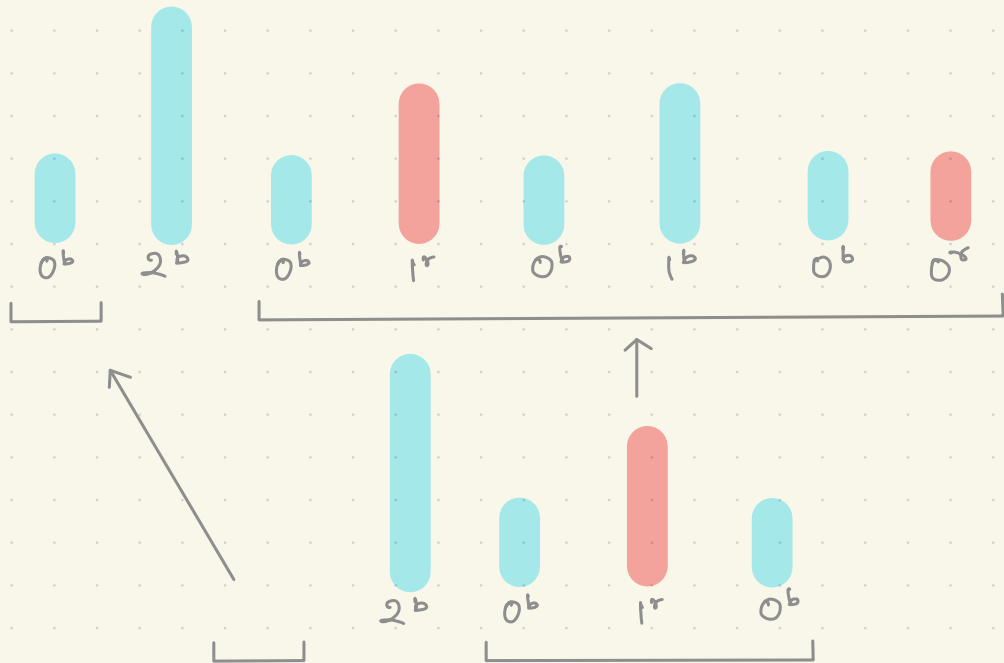
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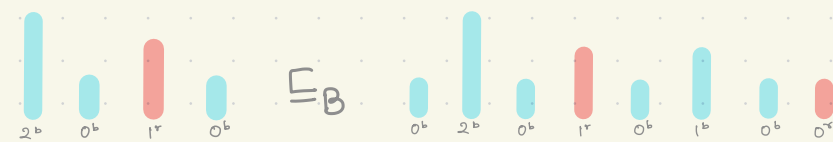
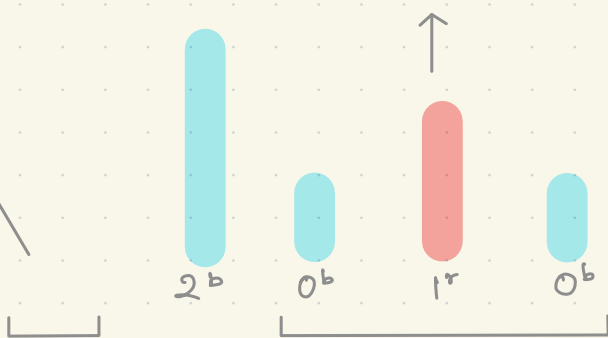
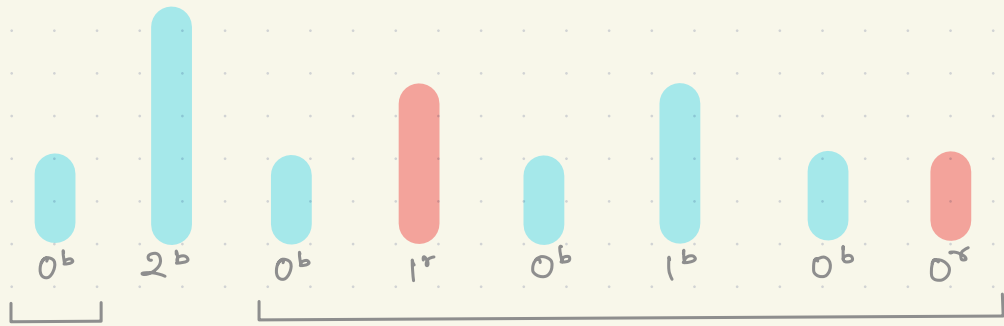
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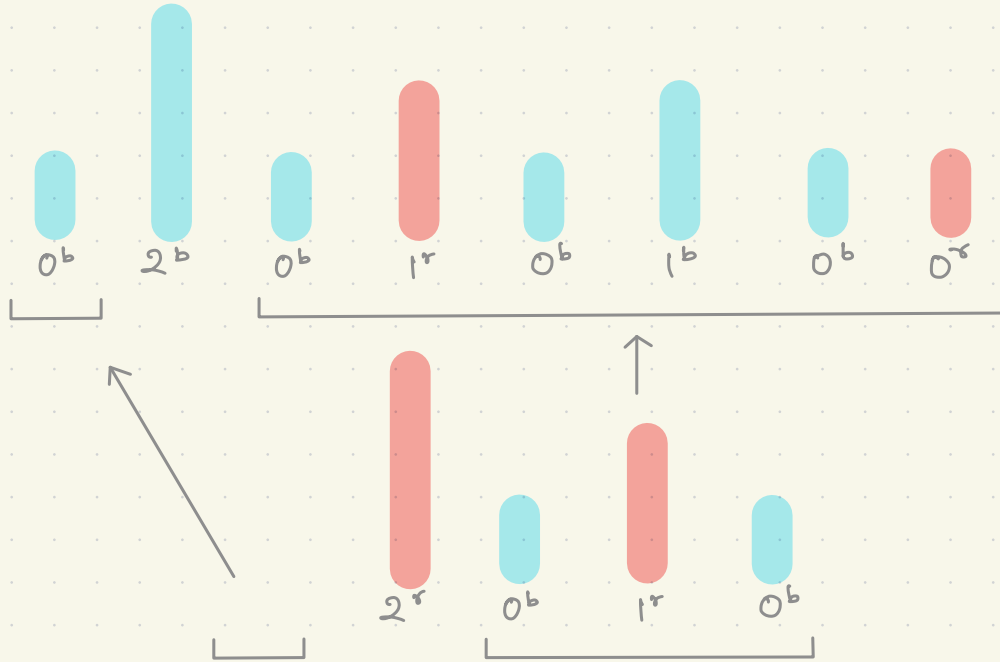
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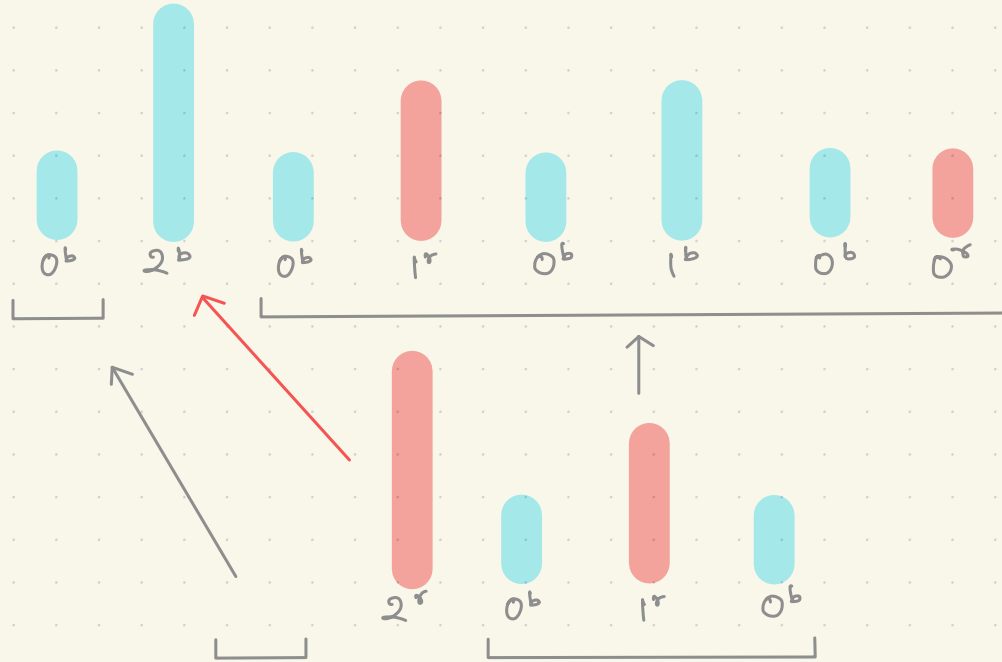
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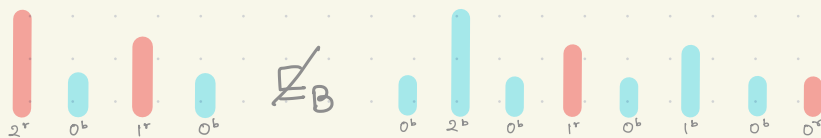
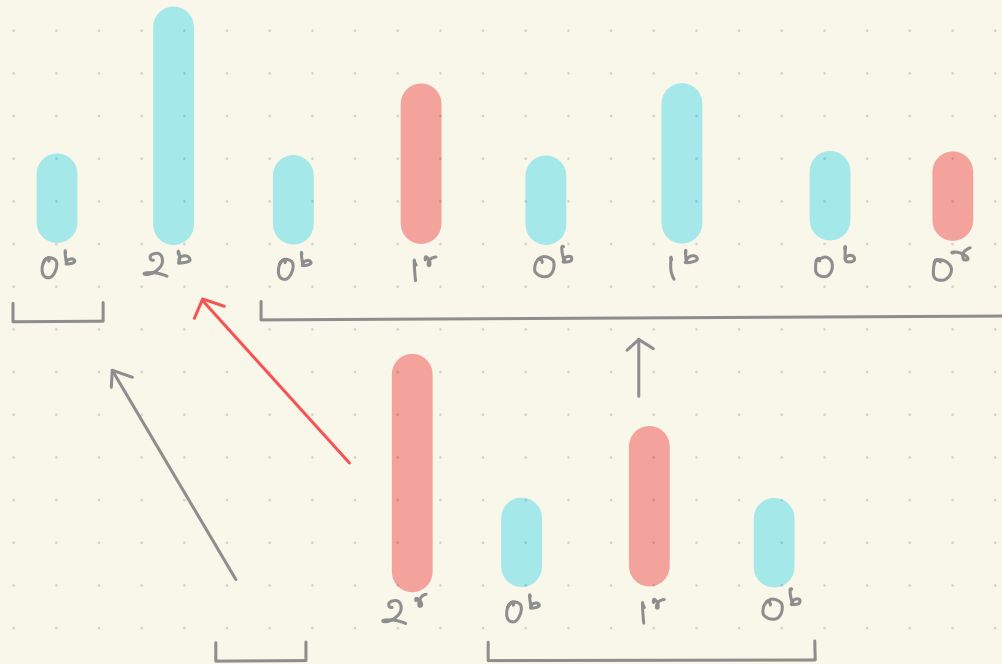
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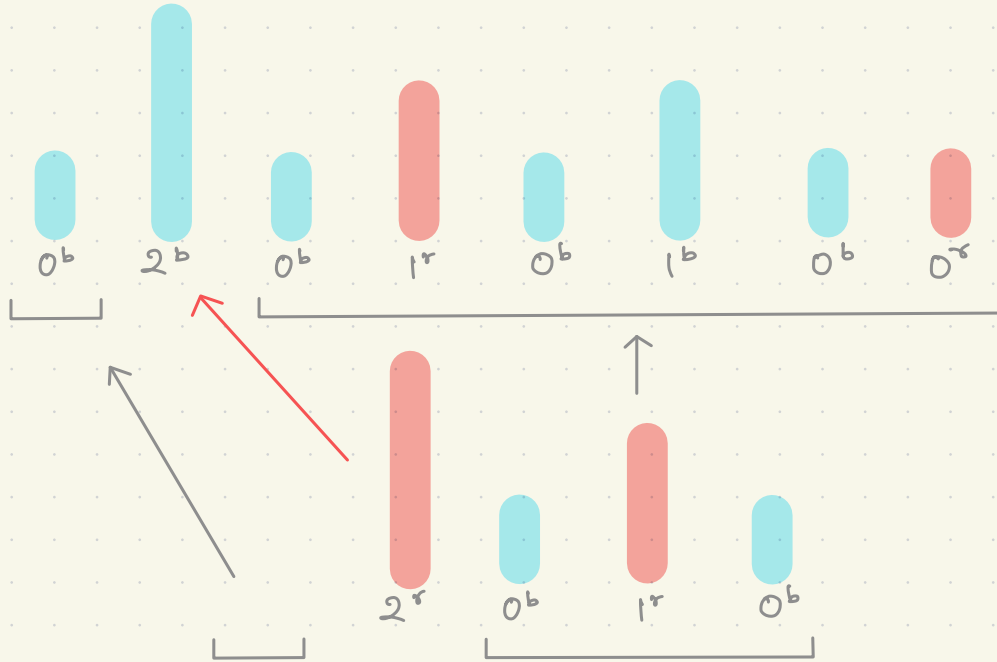
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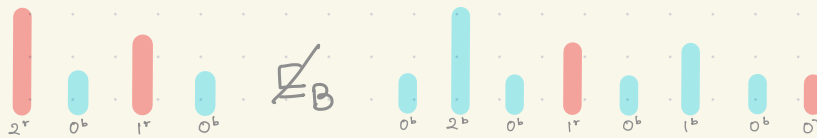
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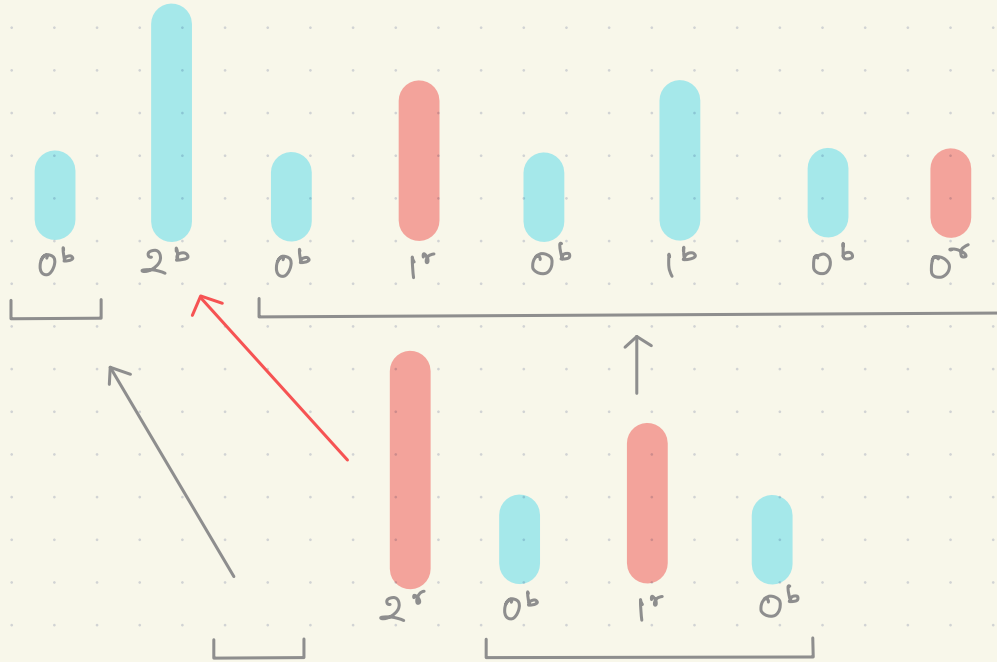


- Split word into blocks.

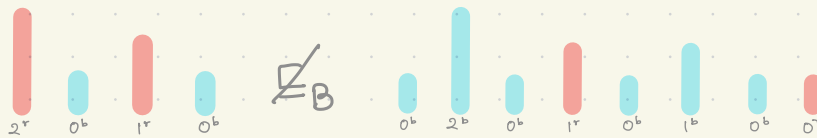




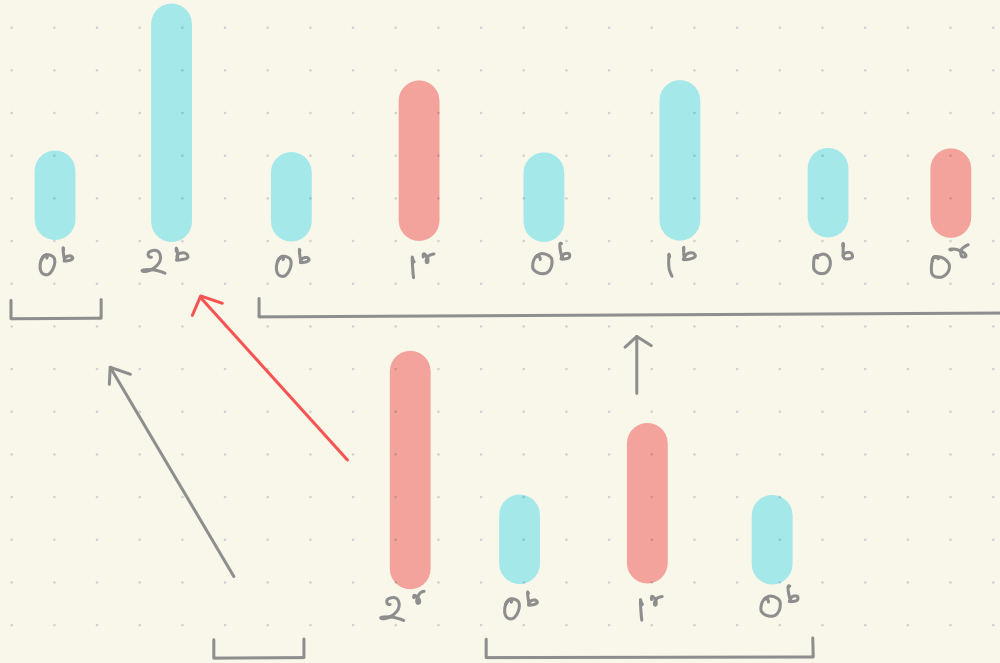
# Block Order



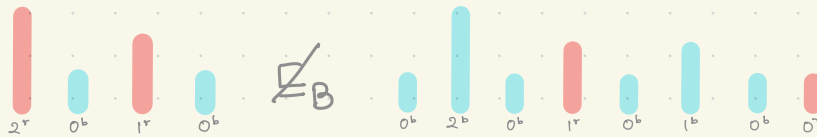
- Split word into blocks.
- Monotonic mapping of recursively embeddable blocks.



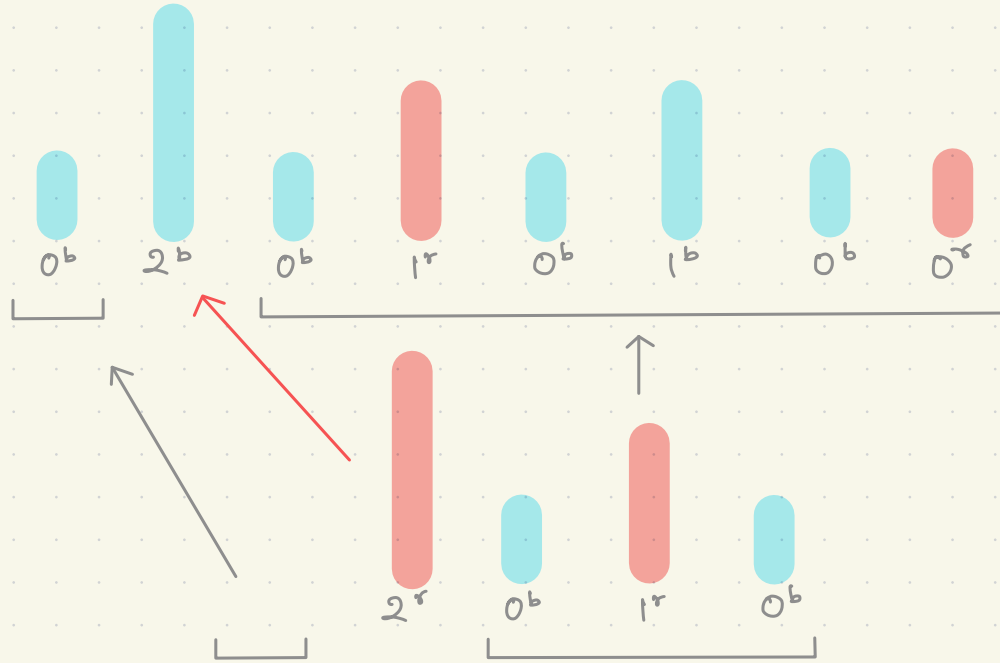
# Block Order



- Split word into blocks.
- Monotonic mapping of recursively embeddable blocks.
- Highest priority letters occur in appropriate positions.



# Block Order



- Split word into blocks.
- Monotonic mapping of recursively embeddable blocks.
- Highest priority letters occur in appropriate positions.

[In this talk] One letter per priority.

# Block Order



Considers priority over letters

# Block Order

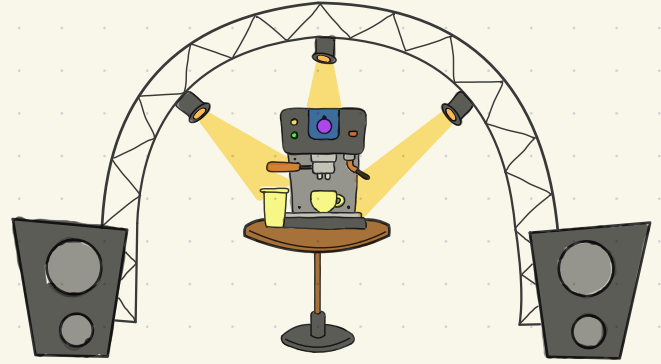
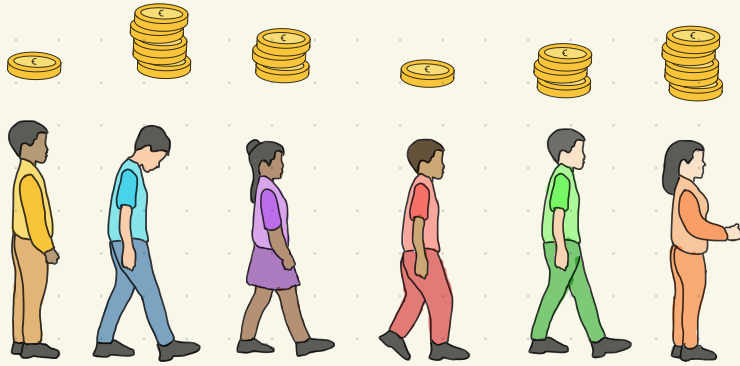


Considers priority over letters

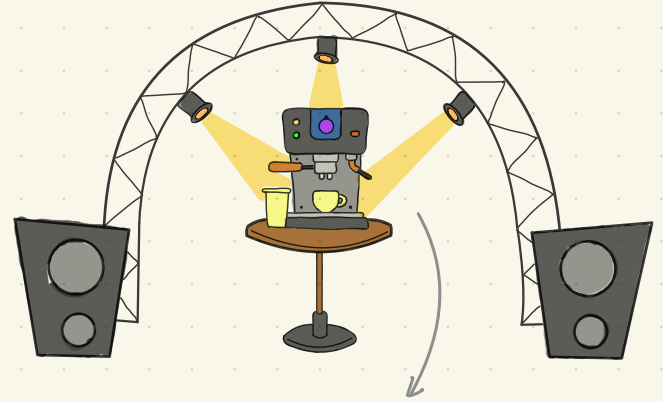
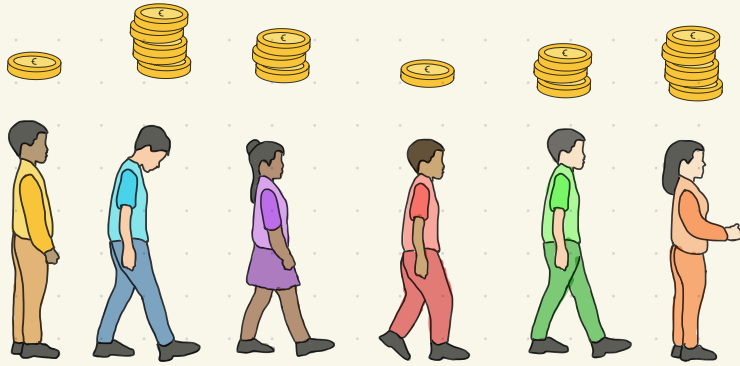


Refines Prioritised Superseding Order  
[Haase et. al., 2014] and Subword Order

# Block Downward Closures

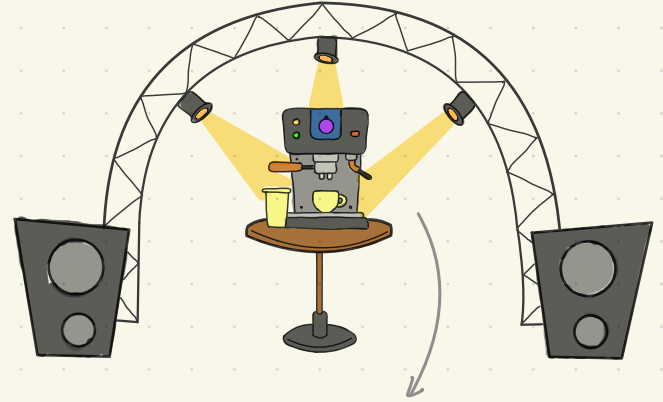
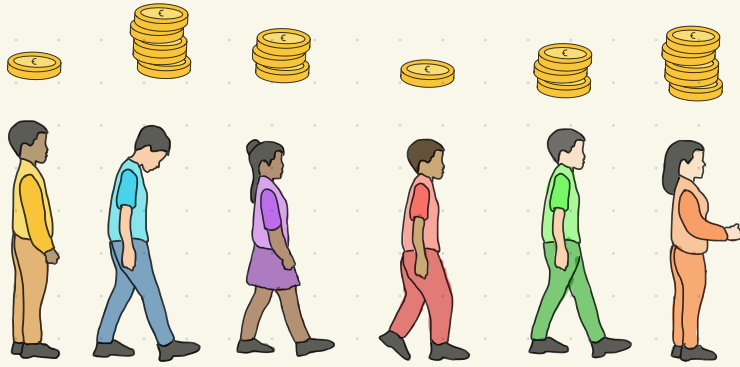


# Block Downward Closures



Sees only a block smaller  
queue of original queue.

# Block Downward Closures

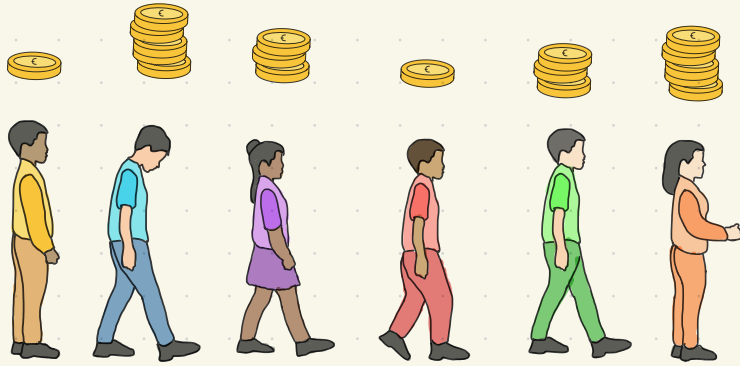


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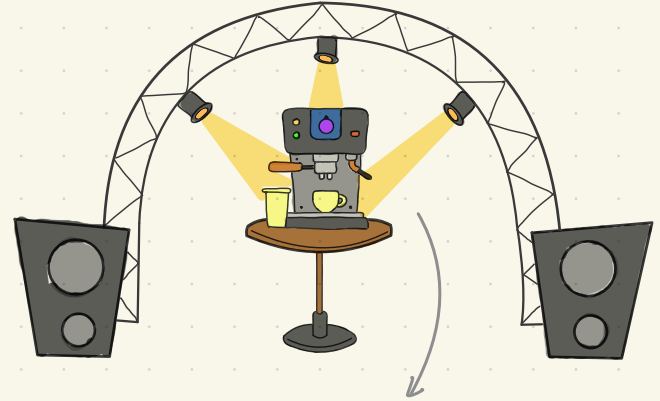
Overapproximate to consider all block smaller behaviors shown by original machine.



# Block Downward Closures



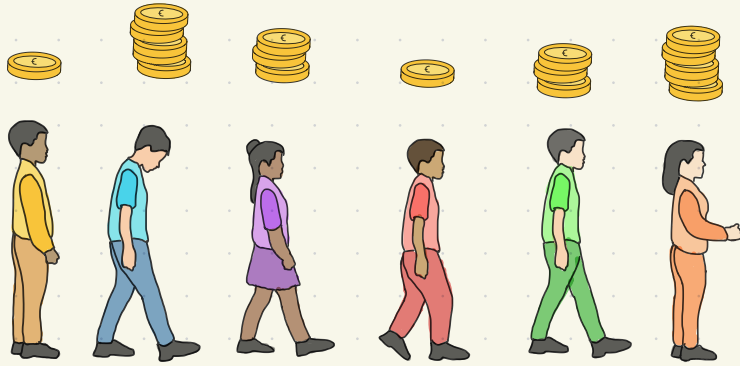
Downward closure of the machine.



Sees only a block smaller queue of original queue.

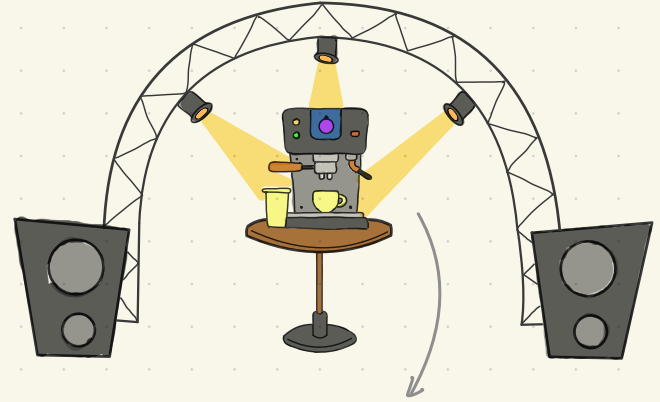
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# Block Downward Closures



Downward closure of the machine.

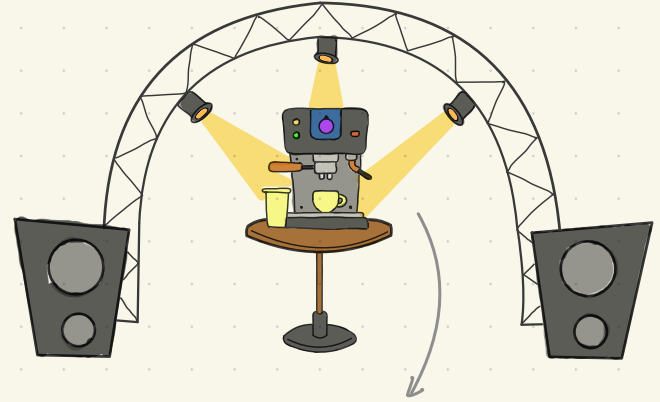
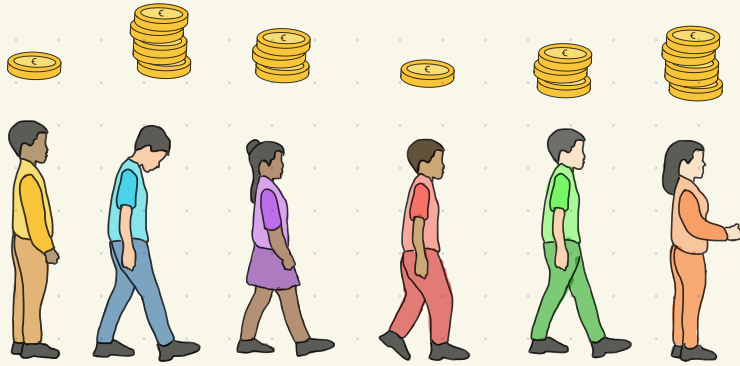
$$L \Downarrow = \{w \mid v \in L, w \in_B v\}$$



Sees only a block smaller queue of original queue.

Overapproximate to consider all block smaller behaviors shown by original machine.

# Block Downward Closures



Downward closure of the machine.

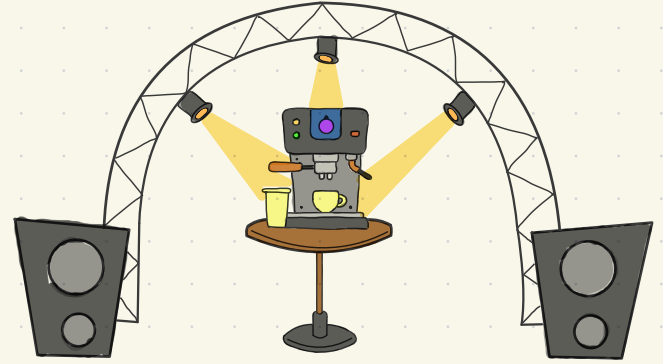
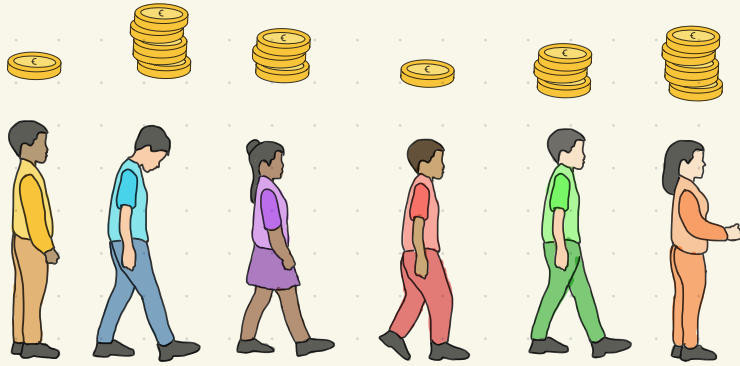
$$L \Downarrow = \{w \mid \exists v \in L, w \in_B v\}$$

Always accepted by finite state machine.

Sees only a block smaller queue of original queue.

Overapproximate to consider all block smaller behaviors shown by original machine.

# Block Downward Closures



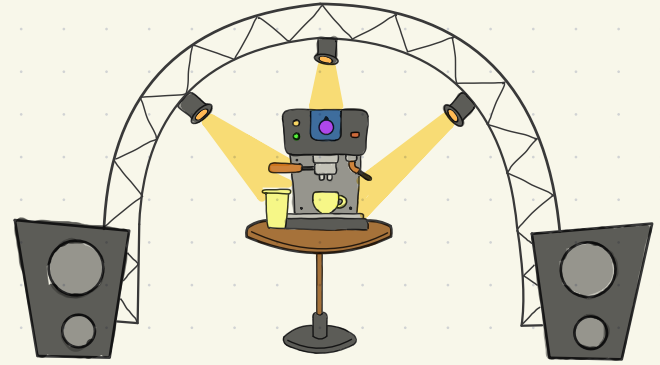
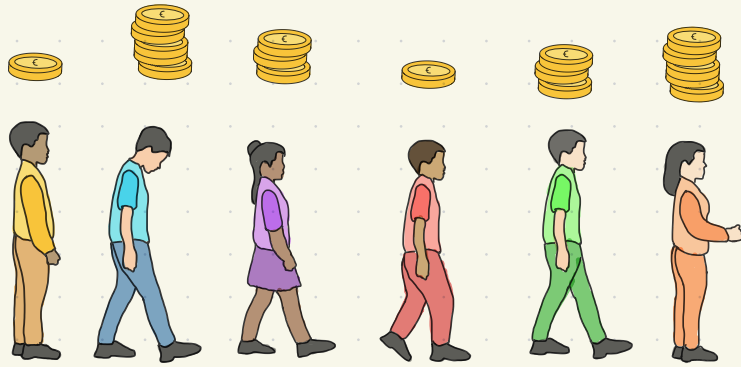
Downward closure of the machine.

Might not be computable!

$$L \Downarrow = \{w \mid v \in L, w \in_B v\}$$

Always accepted by finite state machine.

# Block Downward Closures



Downward closure of the machine.

$$L \Downarrow = \{ w \mid v \in L, w \in_B v \}$$

Always accepted by finite state machine.

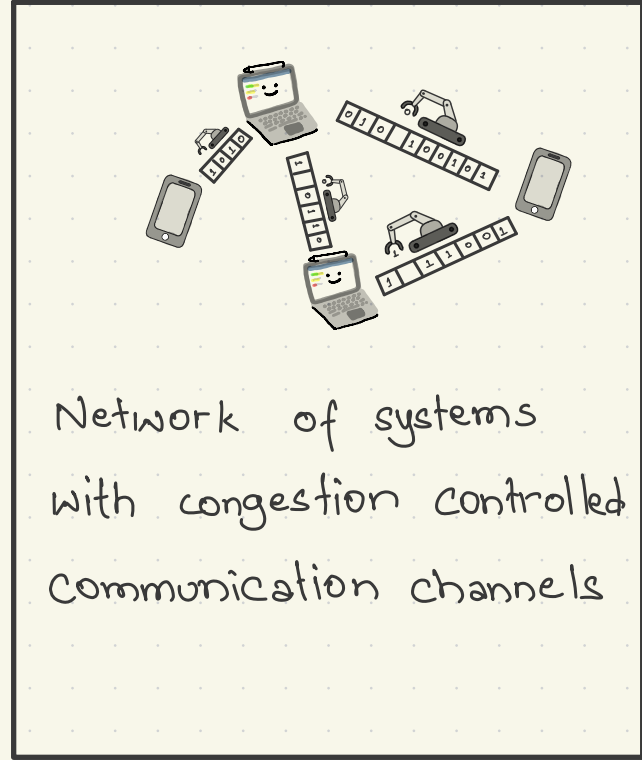
Might not be computable!

[This talk] Construction of such machine for pushdown machines.

# Block Downward Closures

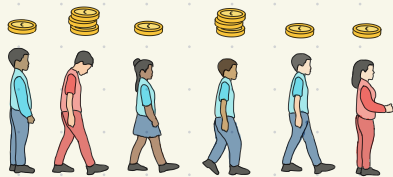


# Block Downward Closures




# Overview

## Block Order



 Considers  
Priorities

 Refines subword  
order and PSO

## Simple Machines



## Pushdown Machines






# Overview

## Block Order



 Considers  
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 Refines subword  
order and PSO

## Simple Machines



## Pushdown Machines



# Finite State Machines



Finite state  
machine

accepting a  
language  $L$

# Finite State Machines



Finite state  
machine

accepting a  
language  $L$



A transducer

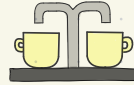
takes an input  
word, outputs  
another word.

# Finite State Machines



Finite state  
machine

accepting a  
language  $L$



A transducer

takes an input  
word, outputs  
another word.



Another finite  
state machine

accepting block  
downward closure  
 $L \downarrow$

# Finite State Machines



Finite state machine

accepting a language  $L$



A transducer

takes an input word, outputs another word.



Another finite state machine

accepting block  
downward closure  
 $L \downarrow$

The transducer is computable in polytime.

Downward closures can be computed in polytime.

# One Counter Machines



FSA with  
a counter  
with zero  
tests

# One Counter Machines



FSA with  
a counter  
with zero  
tests



FSA with  
a counter  
without  
zero tests

# One Counter Machines



FSA with  
a counter  
with zero  
tests



FSA with  
a counter  
without  
zero tests



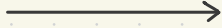
FSA recognizing  
block downward  
closure.



# One Counter Machines



FSA with  
a counter  
with zero  
tests



FSA with  
a counter  
without  
zero tests



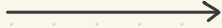
FSA recognizing  
block downward  
closure.

☉ Keep track of the counter for a fixed polynomial bound.

# One Counter Machines



FSA with  
a counter  
with zero  
tests



FSA with  
a counter  
without  
zero tests



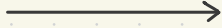
FSA recognizing  
block downward  
closure.

- ☉ Keep track of the counter for a fixed polynomial bound.
- ☉ If bound is exceeded, there is a cycle which increases counter and one that decreases.

# One Counter Machines



FSA with  
a counter  
with zero  
tests



FSA with  
a counter  
without  
zero tests




FSA recognizing  
block downward  
closure.


Block downward closure for an OCA language can be computed in polytime.

# Overview

## Block Order




 Considers  
Priorities

 Refines subword  
order and PSO

## Simple Machines



 Downward  
closures  
computable  
in polytime

## Pushdown Machines



# Overview

## Block Order



☪ Considers  
Priorities

☪ Refines subword  
order and PSO

## Simple Machines



☪ Downward  
closures  
computable  
in polytime

## Pushdown Machines



# Context Free Languages

$S \rightarrow ASB \mid \epsilon$

$A \rightarrow 010$

$B \rightarrow 212$

# Context Free Languages

S

$S \rightarrow ASB \mid \epsilon$

$A \rightarrow 010$

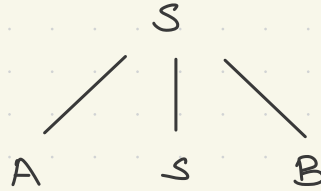
$B \rightarrow 212$

# Context Free Languages

$S \rightarrow ASB \mid \epsilon$

$A \rightarrow 010$

$B \rightarrow 212$



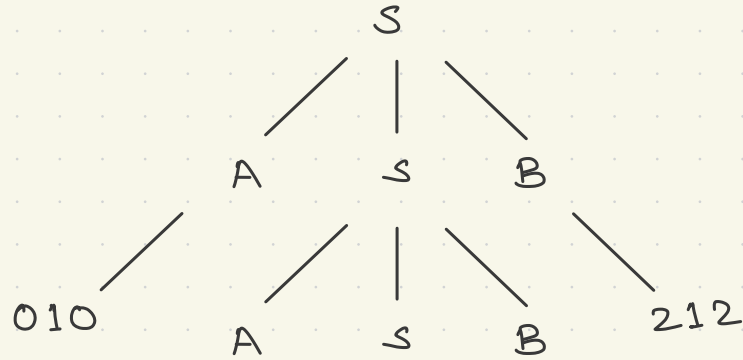


# Context Free Languages

$S \rightarrow ASB \mid \epsilon$

$A \rightarrow 010$

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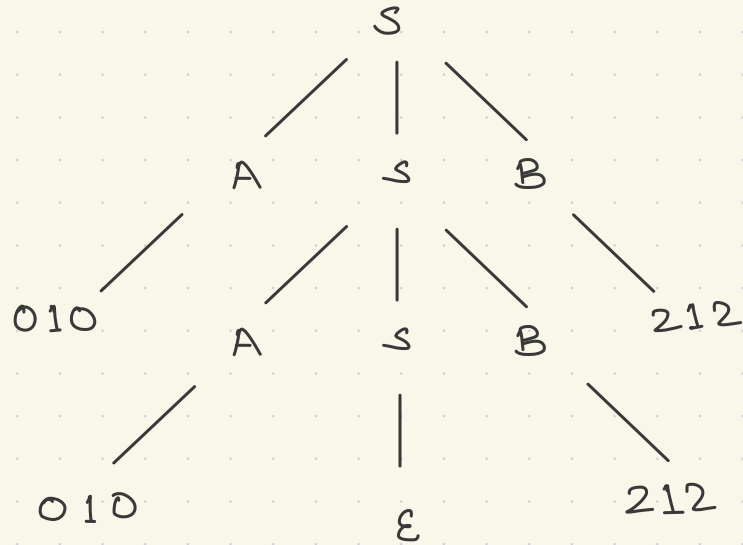


# Context Free Languages

$S \rightarrow ASB \mid \epsilon$

$A \rightarrow 010$

$B \rightarrow 212$



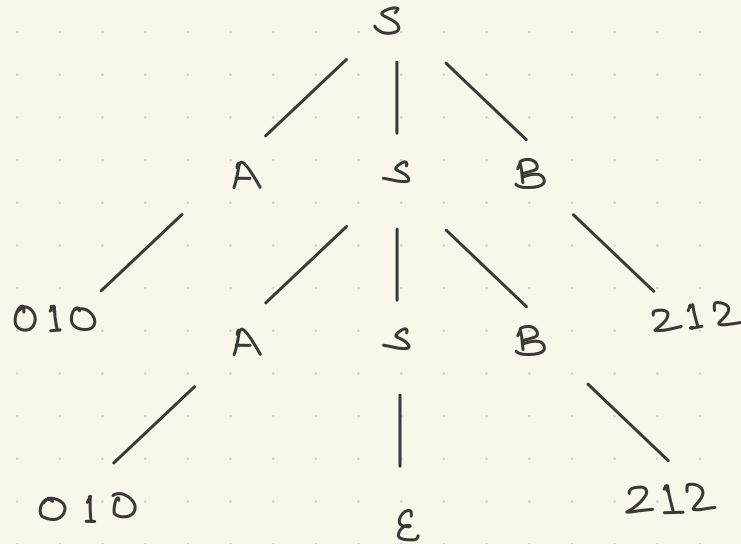
# Context Free Languages

$S \rightarrow ASB \mid \epsilon$

$A \rightarrow 010$

$B \rightarrow 212$

$(010)^n (212)^n$



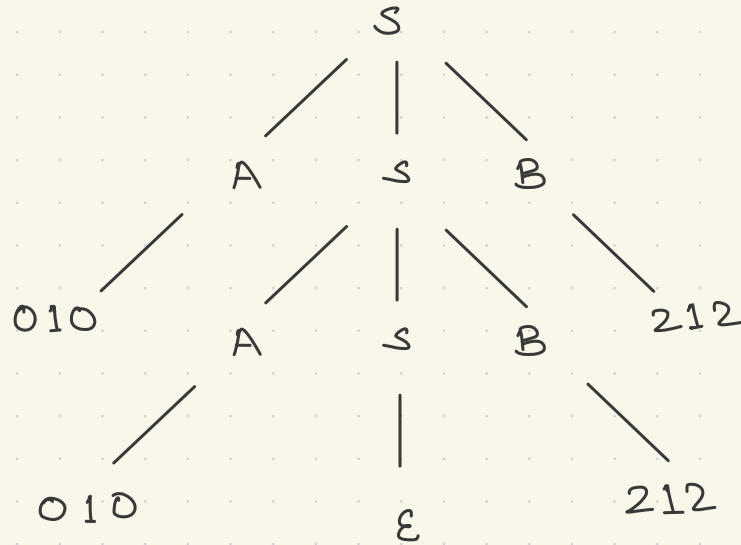
# Context Free Languages

$$S \rightarrow ASB \mid \epsilon$$

$$A \rightarrow 010$$

$$B \rightarrow 212$$

$$(010)^n (212)^n$$



Derivation tree can have arbitrary depth.

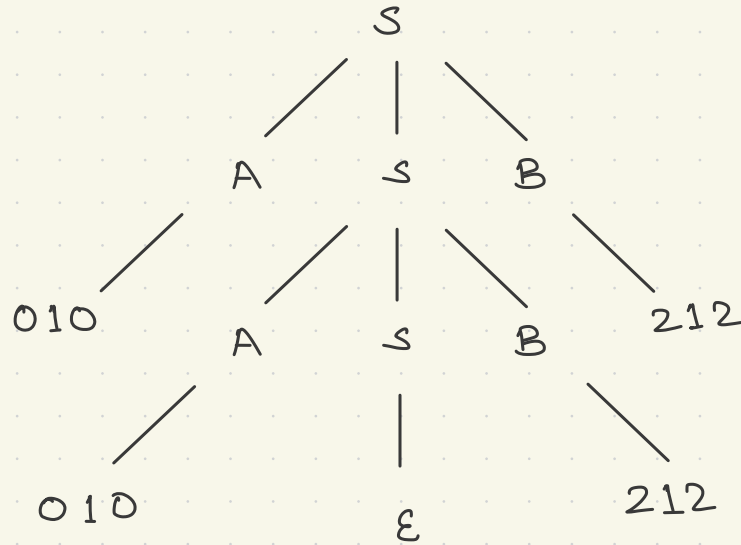
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Derivation tree can have arbitrary depth.

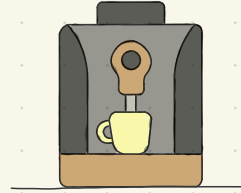
We try "bounding" the depth.

# Context Free Languages



Context free  
grammar

# Context Free Languages

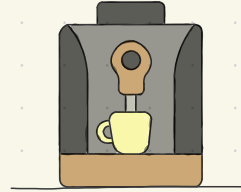


Context free  
grammar

# Context Free Languages



Context free  
grammar



Another grammar that

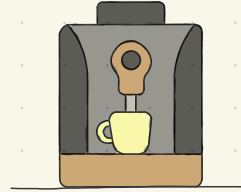
- has same downward closure



# Context Free Languages



Context free  
grammar



Another grammar that

- has same downward closure
- any word can be generated by "bounded" depth derivation trees.

# Context Free Languages

$$S \rightarrow ASB \mid \varepsilon$$

$$A \rightarrow 010$$

$$B \rightarrow 212$$

$$(010)^n (212)^n$$

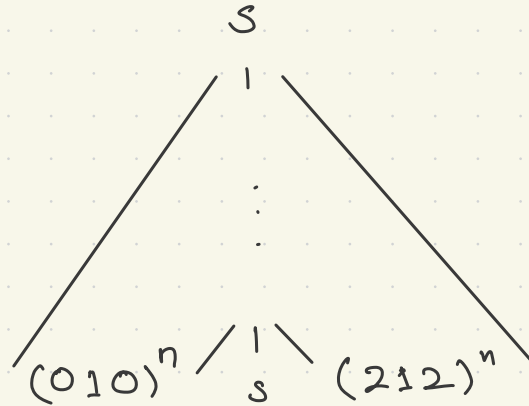
# Context Free Languages

$$S \rightarrow ASB \mid \varepsilon$$

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$$(010)^n (212)^n$$



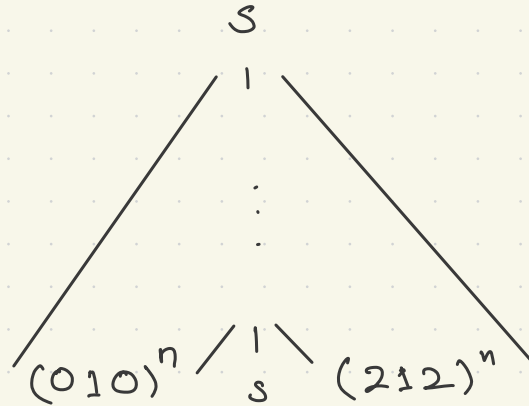
# Context Free Languages

$$S \rightarrow ASB \mid \varepsilon$$

$$A \rightarrow 010$$

$$B \rightarrow 212$$

$$(010)^n (212)^n$$



)  
Compute block downward  
closures of these cycles.

# Context Free Languages

$$(010)^n \# (212)^n$$

# Context Free Languages

$$(010)^n \# (212)^n$$

$$(010)^n \Downarrow$$

# Context Free Languages

$$(010)^n \# (212)^n$$

$$(010)^n \Downarrow = L \Downarrow \perp$$

↓

set of  
first blocks





# Context Free Languages

$$(010)^n \# (212)^n$$

$$(010)^n \Downarrow = L \Downarrow 1 \cdot (M \Downarrow 1)^* \cdot R \Downarrow$$

set of  
first blocks

set of  
blocks  
surrounded  
by 1s

set of last  
blocks

# Context Free Languages

$$(010)^n \# (212)^n$$

$$(010)^n \Downarrow = L \Downarrow 1 \cdot (M \Downarrow 1)^* \cdot R \Downarrow$$

↓  
set of  
first blocks

↓  
set of  
blocks  
surrounded  
by 1s

↘  
set of last  
blocks

L, M, R have one less priority



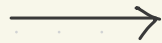


# Context Free Languages

$S \rightarrow ASB \mid \epsilon$

$A \rightarrow 010$

$B \rightarrow 212$



Another grammar that

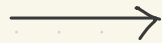
- has same downward closure
- any word can be generated by "bounded" depth derivation trees.

# Context Free Languages

$$S \rightarrow ASB \mid \varepsilon$$

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$$S \rightarrow ASB \mid \varepsilon$$

$$A \rightarrow 010$$

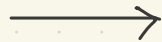
$$B \rightarrow 212$$

# Context Free Languages

$$S \rightarrow ASB \mid \varepsilon$$

$$A \rightarrow 010$$

$$B \rightarrow 212$$



$$S \rightarrow ASB \mid \varepsilon \mid \bar{A}^* \# \bar{B}^*$$

$$A \rightarrow 010$$

$$B \rightarrow 212$$

$$\bar{A} \rightarrow \{\varepsilon, 0\} \cdot 1 \cdot (\{\varepsilon, 0, 00\} \cdot 1)^* \cdot \{\varepsilon, 0\}$$

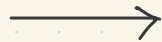
$$\bar{B} \rightarrow 2 \cdot (\{\varepsilon, 1\} \cdot 2)^*$$

# Context Free Languages

$$S \rightarrow ASB \mid \varepsilon$$

$$A \rightarrow 010$$

$$B \rightarrow 212$$



$$S \rightarrow ASB \mid \varepsilon \mid \bar{A}^* \# \bar{B}^*$$

$$A \rightarrow 010$$

$$B \rightarrow 212$$

$$\bar{A} \rightarrow \{\varepsilon, 0\} \cdot 1 \cdot (\{\varepsilon, 0, 00\} \cdot 1)^* \cdot \{\varepsilon, 0\}$$

$$\bar{B} \rightarrow 2 \cdot (\{\varepsilon, 1\} \cdot 2)^*$$

$$\# \rightarrow \varepsilon$$

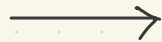


# Context Free Languages

$$S \rightarrow ASB \mid \varepsilon$$

$$A \rightarrow 010$$

$$B \rightarrow 212$$



$$S \rightarrow ASB \mid \varepsilon \mid \bar{A}^* \# \bar{B}^*$$

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$$B \rightarrow 212$$

$$\bar{A} \rightarrow \{\varepsilon, 0\} \cdot 1 \cdot (\{\varepsilon, 0, 00\} \cdot 1)^* \cdot \{\varepsilon, 0\}$$

$$\bar{B} \rightarrow 2 \cdot (\{\varepsilon, 1\} \cdot 2)^*$$

$$\# \rightarrow \varepsilon$$

Both grammars have same block downward closures.

# Context Free Languages

$$S \rightarrow ASB \mid \varepsilon$$

$$A \rightarrow 010$$

$$B \rightarrow 212$$

Exponential  
blowup.

$$S \rightarrow ASB \mid \varepsilon \mid \bar{A}^* \# \bar{B}^*$$

$$A \rightarrow 010$$

$$B \rightarrow 212$$

$$\bar{A} \rightarrow \{\varepsilon, 0\} \cdot 1 \cdot (\{\varepsilon, 0, 00\} \cdot 1)^* \cdot \{\varepsilon, 0\}$$

$$\bar{B} \rightarrow 2 \cdot (\{\varepsilon, 1\} \cdot 2)^*$$

$$\# \rightarrow \varepsilon$$

# Context Free Languages

$$S \rightarrow ASB \mid \varepsilon$$

$$A \rightarrow 010$$

$$B \rightarrow 212$$

Exponential  
blowup.

$$S \rightarrow ASB \mid \varepsilon \mid \bar{A}^* \# \bar{B}^*$$

$$A \rightarrow 010$$

$$B \rightarrow 212$$

$$\bar{A} \rightarrow \{\varepsilon, 0\} \cdot 1 \cdot (\{\varepsilon, 0, 00\} \cdot 1)^* \cdot \{\varepsilon, 0\}$$

$$\bar{B} \rightarrow 2 \cdot (\{\varepsilon, 1\} \cdot 2)^*$$

$$\# \rightarrow \varepsilon$$

Can be recognized by a finite  
state machine of exponential  
size.

# Context Free Languages



Downward closure of a CFG can be recognized by a FSM of doubly exponential size.

# Context Free Languages



Downward closure of a CFG can be recognized by a FSM of doubly exponential size.



Exponential lower bound is inherited from subword order.

# Summary

## Block Order



☙ Considers  
Priorities

☙ Refines subword  
order and PSO

## Simple Machines



☙ Downward  
closures  
computable  
in polytime

## Pushdown Machines



☙ 2-EXP upper  
bound

☙ EXP lower  
bound